PAPER 1	GENERAL STUDIES MAINS - SYLLABUS PAPER 2	350+ selections since 2005 PAPER 3
Indian Heritage and Culture, History and	Governance, Constitution, Polity, Social Justice and	Technology, Economic Development, Bio
<ul> <li>Geography of the World and Society.</li> <li>Indian culture will cover the salient aspects of Art Forms, Literature and Architecture from ancient to modern times.</li> <li>Modern Indian history from about the middle of the eighteenth century until the present- significant events, personalities, issues</li> <li>The Freedom Struggle - its various stages and important contributors /contributions from different parts of the country.</li> <li>Post-independence consolidation and reorganization within the country.</li> <li>History of the world will include events from 18th century such as industrial revolution, world wars, redrawal of national boundaries, colonization, decolonization, political philosophies like communism, capitalism, socialism etc their forms and effect on the society.</li> <li>Salient features of Indian Society, Diversity of India.</li> <li>Role of women and women's organization, population and associated issues, poverty and developmental issues, urbanization, their problems and their remedies.</li> <li>Effects of globalization on Indian society</li> <li>Social empowerment, communalism, regionalism &amp; secularism.</li> <li>Salient features of world's physical geography.</li> <li>Distribution of key natural resources across the world (including South Asia and the Indian subcontinent); factors responsible for the location of primary, secondary, and tertiary sector industries in various parts of the world (including India)</li> <li>Important Geophysical phenomena such as earthquakes, Tsunami, Volcanic activity, cyclone etc., geographical features and their location-changes in critical geographical features (including water bodies and ice-caps) and in flora and fauna and the effects of such changes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Indian Constitution historical underpinnings, evolution, features, amendments, significant provisions and basic structure.</li> <li>Functions and responsibilities of the Union and the States, issues and challenges pertaining to the federal structure, devolution of powers and finances up to local levels and challenges therein.</li> <li>Separation of powers between various organs dispute redressal mechanisms and institutions.</li> <li>Comparison of the Indian constitutional scheme with that of other countries</li> <li>Parliament and State Legislatures - structure, functioning, conduct of business, powers &amp; privileges and issues arising out of these.</li> <li>Structure, organization and functioning of the Executive and the Judiciary Ministries and Departments of the Government; pressure groups and formal/informal associations and their role in the Polity.</li> <li>Salient features of the Representation of People's Act.</li> <li>Appointment to various Constitutional posts, powers, functions and responsibilities of various Constitutional Bodies.</li> <li>Statutory, regulatory and various quasi-judicial bodies</li> <li>Government policies and interventions for development in various sectors and issues arising out of their design and implementation.</li> <li>Development processes and the development industry, the role of NGOs, SHGs, various groups and associations, donors, charities, institutional and other stakeholder.</li> <li>Welfare schemes for vulnerable sections of the propulation by the Centre and States and the performance of these schemes; mechanisms, laws, institutions and Bodies constituted for the protection and theterenent of these schemes; mechanisms, laws, institutional and other measures.</li> <li>Issues relating to poverty and bunger.</li> <li>Important aspects of governance, transparency and accountability, e-governance, applications, models, successes, limitations and potential; citizens charters, transparency &amp; tecountability and institutional and other measures.</li> <li>Role of civil ser</li></ul>	<ul> <li>diversity, Environment, Security and Disaster Management.</li> <li>Indian Economy and issues relating to planning, mobilization of resources, growth, development and employment.</li> <li>Inclusive growth and issues arising from it.</li> <li>Government Budgeting.</li> <li>Major crops cropping patterns in various parts of the country, different types of irrigation and irrigation systems storage, transport and marketing of agricultural produce and issues and related constraints; e-technology in the aid of farmers</li> <li>Issues related to direct and indirect farm subsidies and minimum support prices; Public Distribution System- objectives, functioning, limitations, revamping, issues of buffer stocks and food security; Technology missions; economics of animal-rearing.</li> <li>Food orocessing and related industries in India- scope and significance, location, upstream and downstream requirements, supply chain management.</li> <li>Land reforms in India.</li> <li>Effects of liberalization on the economy, changes in industrial policy and their effects on industrial growth.</li> <li>Infrastructure: Energy, Ports, Roads, Airports, Railways etc.</li> <li>Investment models.</li> <li>Science and Technology- developments and their applications and effects in everyday life</li> <li>Achievements of Indians in science &amp; technology; indigenization of technology and developing new technology.</li> <li>Awareness in the fields of IT, Space, Computers, robotics, nano-technology, bio- technology and issues relating to intellectual property rights.</li> <li>Conservation, environmental impact assessment</li> <li>Disaster and disaster management.</li> </ul>

## PAPER 4

## Ethics, Integrity, and Aptitude

er will include questions to test the candidates' nd approach to issues relating to integrity, probity life and his problem solving approach to various d conflicts faced by him in dealing with society. s may utilise the case study approach to e these aspects. The following broad areas will be

**es and Human Interface**: Essence, determinants consequences of Ethics in human actions; nsions of ethics; ethics in private and public onships. Human Values – lessons from the lives teachings of great leaders, reformers and nistrators; role of family, society and educational utions in inculcating values.

**ude**: content, structure, function; its influence and on with thought and behaviour; moral and cal attitudes; social influence and persuasion. · ude and foundational values for Civil Service , rity, impartiality and non-partisanship, tivity, dedication to public service, empathy, ance and compassion towards the weakersections. **tional intelligence**-concepts, and their utilities

pplication in administration and governance. ibutions of **moral thinkers and philosophers** 

India and world.

**c/Civil service values and Ethics** in Public instration: Status and problems; ethical concerns lilemmas in government and private institutions; rules, regulations and conscience as sources of

and guidance; accountability and ethical mance; strengthening of ethical and moral values vernance; ethical issues in international relations unding; corporate governance.

ity in Governance: Concept of public service; sophical basis of governance and probity; mation sharing and transparency in government, t to Information, Codes of Ethics, Codes of luct, Citizen's Charters, Work culture, Quality of ce delivery, Utilization of public funds, enges of corruption.

Studies on above issues.